

2016 年专业英语考试试题及参考答案

Part I Vocabulary and Structure(1×30 points)

Directions: There are 30 incomplete statements in this part. You are required to complete each one by choosing the most appropriate word or expression from the four choices marked A, B, C and D, then mark the corresponding letter on the ANSWER SHEET.

1. If I mistake not, you used to cook your own food, ?
A. do you B. don' t you C. did you D. didn' t you
2. In translation big problem is linguistic interference.
A. the; a B. a; the C. / ; a D. the; /
3. your opinions are worth considering, the general manager finds it unwise to place too much importance on them.
A. As B. Because C. Though D. Since
4. On no account to feed the animals.
A. visitors are allowed B. allow visitors
C. are visitors allowed D. visitors allow
5. His thesis paper was rejected by his tutor because it lacks ideas.
A. previous B. excellent C. original D. reasonable
6. yourself still for a few minutes while I take your photograph.
A. Hold B. Keep C. Put D. Make
7. When Laura finally arrived she apologized so late.
A. for to come B. that she was coming
C. for coming D. to come
8. I Alice, who was on her way to see how I was getting along.
A. came up with B. got out of
C. ran over D. ran into
9. —He seems to know it.
—Well, he to be told.
A. needs not B. hasn' t the need
C. needn' t D. doesn' t need
10. He didn' t live up to had been expected of him.
A. what B. which C. that D. all
11. a raining day, we gave up our plan to go hiking.
A. With is B. Being C. With D. It being
12. Thank you for telling me that. I really .
A. don' t know B. didn' t know
C. haven' t known D. hadn' t known
13. Jean pays little attention to her appearance, otherwise she a very attractive girl.
A. ought to be B. could be C. must be D. should be
14. She did not feel going out, as she had a slight headache.

- A. about B. like C. after D. for
15. The country has too many wars in the past few decades; its people are longing for peace so much.
A. prevented from B. resulted in
C. gone through D. gone with
16. The painter lived more than a decade in Europe, he could be in close contact with other cubists(立体派艺术家).
A. where B. in which C. that D. in that
17. That man looks familiar to me. He reminds me Dr. Richards.
A. to B. on C. for D. of
18. There is no that he was once a thief. But it doesn't mean you can always regard him as a thief.
A. deny B. denied C. denies D. denying
19. There have been many in their marriage but they still love each other.
A. ups and downs B. from head to toe
C. time and again D. over and over
20. This hotel \$ 60 for a single room with a bath.
A. claims B. demands C. prices D. charges
21. After the speech , a lively discussion started.
A. being delivered B. be delivered
C. was delivered D. having delivered
22. I had just started back to the house to change my clothes I heard voices.
A. as B. while C. after D. when
23. He has left his book here on so that you can read it.
A. purpose B. aim C. intention D. sense
24. Don't get your schedule ; stay with us in this class.
A. to change B. changing
C. changed D. change
25. Sooner or later, she will the shock from her mother's death.
A. get out B. get off C. get over D. get back
26. The mere fact most people believe a nuclear war would be madness doesn't mean it will not occur.
A. that B. which C. what D. why
27. We finally an agreement after a lot of hard argument.
A. reached B. did C. arrived D. drove
28. Ms. Wilson is Mr. Thompson while he's on holiday.
A. standing up for B. standing up to
C. standing in for D. standing for
29. She'd like to arrange her own room she wants.
A. some way B. whatever C. any how D. any way
30. They were under the that the company was doing well, but in fact it was in serious trouble.
A. conclusion B. expression C. enjoyment D. illusion
- Part II Reading Comprehension(2×20 points)

Directions: There are 4 passages in this part. Each passage is followed by some questions or incomplete statements. For each of them there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. You should decide on the best choice and then mark the corresponding letter on the ANSWER SHEET.

My love of nature goes right back to my childhood, to the times when I stayed on my grandparent's farm in Suffolk. I think it was my grandmother who encouraged me more than anyone: she taught me the names of wildflowers and got me interested in looking at the countryside, so it seemed obvious to go on to do Zoology at university.

I didn't get my first camera until after I'd graduated, when I was due to go diving in Norway and needed a method of recording the sea creatures I would find there. My father didn't know anything about photography, but he bought me an Exakta, which was really quite a good camera for the time, and I went off to take my first pictures of sea anemones(海葵)and starfish(海星). I became keen very quickly, and I learnt how to develop and print.

I've tried from the beginning to produce pictures which are always biologically correct. There are people who will alter things deliberately: you don't pick up sea creatures from the middle of the shore and take them down to attractive pools at the bottom of the shore without knowing you're doing it.

There can be a lot of ignorance in people's behavior towards wild animals and it's a problem that more and more people are going to wild places: while some animals may get used to cars, they won't get used to people suddenly rushing up to them. The sheer pressure of people, coupled with the fact there are increasingly few places where no one else has photographed, means that over the years, life has become much more difficult for the professional wildlife photographers.

Nevertheless, wildlife photographers play a very important part in educating people about what is out there and what needs conserving. Although photography can be an enjoyable pastime, as it is to many people, it is also something that plays a very important part in educating young and old alike.

31. The author decided to go to university and study Zoology because .

- A. she wanted to improve her life in the countryside
- B. she was persuaded to do so by her grandmother
- C. she was keen on the natural world
- D. she wanted to stop moving around all the time

32. How is the author different from some of the other wildlife photographers she meets?

- A. She tries to make her photographs as attractive as possible.
- B. She takes photographs which record accurate natural conditions.
- C. She likes to photograph plants as well as wildlife.
- D. She knows the best places to find wildlife.

33. The author now finds it more difficult to photograph wild animals because .

- A. there are fewer of them

B. they have become more nervous of people

C. it is harder to find suitable places

D. they have become frightened of cars

34. According to the author, wildlife photography is important because it can make people realize that .

A. photography is an enjoyable hobby

B. we learn little about wildlife at school

C. it is worthwhile visiting the countryside

D. it is important to look after wild animals

35. Which of the following describes the author?

A. Proud.

B. Sensitive.

C. Aggressive.

D. Disappointed.

During the past few years, the popularization of the Internet, by lowering the cost of global communication to moderate levels, is leading to a near perfect market for information. It has bred enterprises that grow and change with astonishing speed, creating millionaires and invigorating the economy. The Net has brought to even poor libraries a wealth of resources at very low cost. It has enabled individuals to speak in forums small and large, with an ease and fluency that would delight the founders of this nation, if they could see email, the World Wide Web, Usenet, and online chat.

The tremendous good done by the popularization of the Internet has caused some problems, of course. Chief among these are a weakening of privacy, greater exposure for matters that most people would prefer were absent from society, such as hate speech and child pornography, and an increased risk of one's children (or oneself) being confronted by an image or text that better might have been left unseen. The Internet has brought the entire world into the living room, but some people are finding that there are certain parts of the world they would prefer not to have anywhere in their home. An example that has become an everyday displeasure for many is junk email, also called "spam". On a bad day, up to 30% of the email processed by major Internet service providers is spam, much of it promoting sex sites and get rich quick schemes. Many people have had to abandon their email accounts, as they become filled with trash. Left unchecked, spam could spoil the great public good of the Internet.

36. The popularization of the Internet may stimulate the prosperity of the economy in that.

A. it provides information at high speed and low cost

B. it creates many chances for enterprises

C. it helps to encourage technical innovations

D. enterprises are growing quickly

37. There is an increased risk for children with the popularization of the Internet because they are likely to .

A. express their ideas freely while online

B. be exposed to unhealthy information

C. make dangerous friends when chatting online

- D. confuse what is good with what is bad
38. According to the passage, the Internet .
- A. shows us pictures of the world in the living room
 - B. brings us into contact with the current issues of the world
 - C. provides easy access to information from all over the world
 - D. enables us to keep in touch with anyone in the world
39. Junk email is used as an example to demonstrate the Internet may .
- A. help people become millionaires quickly
 - B. bring great troubles to one' s life
 - C. give excitement to people
 - D. bring about an age of information
40. What is the writer' s attitude toward the Internet?
- A. Approving. B. Disapproving. C. Critical. D. Neutral.

To Whom It May Concern,

Scott Smith worked for me at XYZ Technologies for three years, as a senior technical instructor. I am writing this letter of recommendation to confirm that his recent layoff from XYZ was not in any way tied to his performance, and to highly recommend him as an employee with your organization.

Had I been the choice, I would not have laid Scott off. But it was not my decision to make. XYZ decided to withdraw from the PC market, balance expenses with the anticipated reduction in sales revenue, and hire a consulting firm to evaluate long term staffing needs. As a result, XYZ drastically reduced the size of its workforce by dissolving the entire PC division, including the technical training department. Unfortunately, this major reorganization left no other position open for Scott. We regretfully had to let him go.

Scott is a conscientious, highly skilled technical instructor, worthy of at least a senior or management position. He has keen insight into the learning process, and is an expert in needs analysis, project management, course development, and classroom instruction.

Scott' s in depth product knowledge, unique instructional techniques, and excellent people skills have consistently received admiring reviews from his students. Should conditions at XYZ change, I wouldn' t hesitate to hire him back.

If you would like to speak to me about Scott' s skills, talents and work habits, feel free to call (123) 555-0002 or page me by dialing (123) 555-0003.

Sincerely,

Mary Doe

Vice President, Technical Services

41. Mary Doe wrote this letter in order to .
- A. praise Scott Smith for his excellent work
 - B. support Scott Smith' s job application
 - C. promote Scott Smith to a higher position
 - D. look for a technical instructor like Scott Smith
42. XYZ Technologies reduced the size of its workforce because .

- A. some departments did not work well
 - B. its sales revenue fell dramatically
 - C. it is faced with serious financial problem
 - D. it decided to give up the PC market
43. Scott Smith has been laid off because of .
- A. the reorganization of XYZ Technologies
 - B. his poor performance in technical work
 - C. his poor physical and mental condition
 - D. the prejudice of the Vice President
44. Which of the following might be the relationship between Scott Smith and Mary Doe?
- A. Close friends. B. Colleagues.
 - C. Employee and supervisor. D. Student and instructor.
45. Which is NOT true about Scott Smith?
- A. He gets along well with colleagues.
 - B. His students admire him very much.
 - C. He is good at project management.
 - D. He is applying to a consulting firm for a job.

I used to go to Starbucks for their coffee, but that's changed since I discovered their comforting, tasty teas, which are better than coffee any time. Tea is cool even when it's hot. People drink more tea than any other drink in the world, except for water.

Whether it's served hot or cold, natural and flavored teas are drinks that have been consumed for centuries. Everywhere you look, you'll find various kinds of teas—in restaurants, grocery stores, television advertisements, and gift shops.

Why is there all this excitement about tea? What's its attraction? Well, there are many possibilities for why more and more people are drinking tea. One possibility is that people are coming to notice the benefits of drinking tea, particularly green tea. Studies show that drinking four cups of green tea a day can reduce the risk of developing various types of cancers, as well as heart disease. The key to tea's effects of cure seems to lie in chemicals found in tea which prevent a process that leads to the growth of cancers. Green tea may also prevent skin cancer. It has also been linked with helping the body to rid itself of harmful materials, and green tea is thought to possibly protect against colds and Parkinson's (帕金森) disease.

Another explanation for why people are drinking more tea may be due to the comforting process of just making a cup of tea. The time it takes to prepare tea leaves in hot water and enjoy its gentle flavor forces drinkers to slow down and relax a while, making it the perfect way to improve a world where people are so crazy about cappuccino, a hot coffee with milk in it.

So, whether you drink tea, eat it in foods, wear it to smell good, or take it in pills, one thing is certain, the use of tea is more than a trend—it is a habit of our past and if studies prove the benefits of its use, it will undoubtedly be an important

element of our future.

46. Nowadays, among all the drinks in the world, tea is .

- A. the most widely consumed drink
- B. as widespread as coffee
- C. even more widely consumed than water
- D. the second most widely consumed drink

47. The passage does not mention as a possible benefit of drinking tea.

- A. preventing skin cancer
- B. helping the body to rid itself of harmful materials
- C. curing Parkinson' s disease
- D. reducing the risk of developing cancer

48. It is good to drink tea because the time it takes to prepare a cup of tea .

- A. allows the tea leaves to absorb enough water
- B. enables drinkers to relax
- C. is suitable for people to get some news
- D. can improve the quality of cappuccino

49. The writer suggests that in the future people will probably .

- A. follow the trend and go on drinking tea
- B. drink more water than tea
- C. form the habit of eating tea leaves in foods
- D. take tea as an important part of their life

50. The passage is mainly about .

- A. the benefits of drinking tea
- B. the benefits of drinking coffee
- C. using tea leaves in fortune telling
- D. advising people to drink tea and water

Part III Cloze(1×20 points)

Directions: There are 20 blanks in the following passage. For each blank there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. You should choose the ONE that best fits into the passage and mark the corresponding letter on the ANSWER SHEET.

Effective communication with people of different cultures is especially challenging. Cultures 51 people with ways of thinking—ways of seeing, hearing, and interpreting the world. Thus the same words can 52 different things to people from different cultures, even when they talk the “same” language. When the languages are different, and translation has to be used to communicate, the 53 for misunderstandings increase.

Stella Ting Toomey describes three ways in which culture 54 with effective cross cultural understanding. First is what she 55 “cognitive constraints(认知约束)”. These are the world 56 that provide a situation that all new information is compared to or inserted into.

Second are “57 constraints”. Each culture has its own rules about proper behavior which 58 verbal and nonverbal communication. Whether one person 59 the other person in the eye or not is one thing that varies from one culture to the next. Whether one says what one means publicly or talks 60 the issue is another.

How close the people stand to each other when they are talking is a third. All of these and many more are 61 of politeness which differ from culture to culture. Ting Toomey's third 62 is "emotional constraints". Different cultures 63 the display of emotion differently. Some cultures get very emotional when they are debating a(n) 64. They yell, they cry, they exhibit their anger, fear, frustration, and other feelings openly. Other cultures try to keep their emotions 65. They exhibit or share only the "rational" or factual 66 of the situation.

All of these differences tend to 67 to communication problems. If the people 68 are not aware of the potential for such problems, they are even more likely to fall victim to them. Even so, it takes more than 69 to overcome these problems and communicate effectively across cultures. It also takes patience and 70 to bridge the sometimes large differences between cultures. And not everyone has these qualities.

51. A. offer B. provide C. give D. teach
52. A. mean B. make C. have D. keep
53. A. secrets B. reasons C. points D. chances
54. A. interferes B. blocks C. prevents D. hesitates
55. A. identifies B. describes C. calls D. entitles
56. A. ideas B. concepts C. sights D. views
57. A. performance B. behavior C. action D. event
58. A. affect B. control C. effect D. cause
59. A. watches B. views C. sees D. looks
60. A. about B. around C. on D. with
61. A. customs B. rules C. methods D. forms
62. A. element B. component C. factor D. principle
63. A. regulate B. arrange C. affirm D. justify
64. A. affair B. incident C. issue D. business
65. A. hidden B. known C. shown D. covered
66. A. modes B. aspects C. layers D. levels
67. A. result B. arise C. cause D. lead
68. A. occupied B. involved C. disturbed D. related
69. A. awareness B. consciousness C. wakefulness D. alertness
70. A. worthiness B. wickedness C. willingness D. willfulness

Part IV Error Correction(2×10 points)

Directions: There are 10 sentences. Each of the following sentences has four underlined parts marked A, B, C and D. You are required to identify the one that is incorrect, and then write the corresponding letter and the correct answer on the ANSWER SHEET.

71. Some of the peopleA were standingB in the street watchedC the demonstration, while othersD were singing songs.
72. On opening dayA the group went to the box office to pick upB their tickets, only to tellC that a Mr. WhiteD had taken them away.
73. When he leftA the officeB last night, he forgot turningC offD the light.
74. HoweverA his social position is, it is necessary that he remember B to serveC

the peopleD.

75. When choosingA a major, college students should considerB how good are they C at different subjects as well as what the job market will beD when they graduate.

76. I'd like A to haveB the beef again even ifC it costs as twice muchD.

77. WhatA do you think onB spending holidayC inD Spain this summer?

78. He wrote at least A ten novels, but only two from the tenB that are now knownC were published during his lifetimeD.

79. NeitherA he nor I are goingB to attendC the lecture thisD afternoon.

80. Visitors fromA the United States determinedB that they were bound for leavingC the city immediatelyD.

Part V Translation(20 points)

Directions: Translate the following sentences into Chinese and write on the ANSWER SHEET (5×2)

81. He has lived there for 11 years now with many different caretakers and blossomed on his own. He has become essential to the neighborhood. When you have any mail to be picked up or your dog needs walking, he is your man.

82. That's very common in professional women. They feel they have to be all things to all people and do it all perfectly. They think, "I should, I must, I have to." Good enough is never good enough. Perfectionists cannot delegate.

Directions: Translate the following sentences into English and write on the ANSWER SHEET (2×5)

83. 你要是想赶上末班车,咱们最好马上动身去火车站。

84. 我离开家乡已经一个半月了。

85. 毫无疑问,他不是有意伤害你的。

86. 要求四十几岁的人今天下午进行身体检查。

87. 因为很生气,他无法入睡。

Part VI Writing(20 points)

Directions: For this part, you're required to write a composition with at least 150 words based on the following picture. You should describe the picture firstly, then put forward your own idea and prove it. Please entitle and write it on the ANSWER SHEET.

详细答案联系扣扣: 26457847