

## 2011 年河南省普通高等学校 选拔优秀专科毕业生进入本科阶段学习考试 公共英语

题号	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	总分
分值	40	20	40	20	10	20	150

注意事项:

答题前,考生务必将自己的姓名、考场号、座位号、考生号填写在答题卡上。  
本试卷的试题答案必须答在答题卡上,答在试卷上无效。

### Part I Vocabulary and Structure ( 1 x 40 )

**Directions:** There are 40 incomplete sentences in this part. For each sentence there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the ONE that best completes the sentence, and then you should mark the corresponding letter on the *Answer Sheet*.

- 1.The shop assistant was dismissed as she was \_\_\_\_\_of cheating customers.  
A.accused      B.charged      C.scolded      D.cursed  
【答案】A
- 2.The murderer was brought in,with his hands \_\_\_\_\_behind his back  
A.being tied      B.haveing tied      C.to be tied      D.tied  
【答案】D
- 3.Needless to say, he\_\_\_\_\_ his good looks and sense of honor form his mother.  
A.inherited      B.carried      C.inhibited      D.resembled  
【答案】A
- 4.They have \_\_\_\_\_ most carefully the time and the materials needed tocomplete theproject.  
A.picked out      B.left out      C.taken out      D.figured out  
【答案】D
- 5.The room is quite neat , it \_\_\_\_\_ .  
A.doesn't need to cleaning      B.needn't to cleaning  
C.doesn't need cleaning      D.needn't cleaning  
【答案】C
- 6.\_\_\_\_\_ tight now , she would get there on Sunday.  
A.Would she leave      B.If she leave  
C.were she to leave      D.If she had left  
【答案】C
- 7.He must have stayed up late last night,\_\_\_\_\_he?  
A.mustn't      B.needn't      C.hasn't      D.didn't  
【答案】D
- 8.\_\_\_\_\_ he does not come,shall we go without him?  
A.Supposing      B.To suppose      C.supposed      D.To be supposed  
【答案】A
- 9.He will pass two milestones\_\_\_\_\_, that is ,he will receive his master degree and find a challenging job.

A.long ago            B. not long ago            C.before long            D.long before

【答案】C

10.Some discases are\_\_\_\_\_by certain water animals.

A.transported            B.transmitted            C.transformde            D.transplanted

【答案】B

11.Our hopes\_\_\_\_\_ at the first sight of the doctor

A.arose            B.raisdd            C.rose            D.aroused

【答案】A

12.Eating too much fat can\_\_\_\_\_ heart disease and cause high blood pressure.

A.attribute to            B.contribute to            C.attend to            D.devote to

【答案】B

13.That\_\_\_\_\_lady is their English teacher.

A.young beautiful foreign            B. beautiful young foreign  
C. young foreign beautiful            D. foreign young beautiful

【答案】B

14.I don't think it advisable that Tom\_\_\_\_\_to zhe job since he has no experience.

A.is assigned            B.will be assigned  
C.be assigned            D.has been assigned

【答案】C

15.He is \_\_\_\_\_of those boys who si willing to take on another assignment

A.the only one            B.only one            C.one            D.a

【答案】A

16. I don't think it will rain , but I take an umbrella\_\_\_\_\_ it does.

A.as if            B.in case            C.as though            D.evev if

【答案】B

17All the tasks \_\_\_\_\_ahead of time, they dcedid togo on holiday for a week.

A.had been fulfilled            B.were fulfilled  
C.having been fulfilled            D.been fulfilled

【答案】C

18.He didn't allow\_\_\_\_\_in his room,actually he didn't allow his family \_\_\_\_\_ at all.

A.to smoke ...to smoke            B.smoking... to smoke  
C.to smoke ... smoking            D.smoking ... smoking

【答案】B

19.Susan is \_\_\_\_\_ to lift the heavy box

A.strong            B.enough strong            C.strong enough            D.strong too

【答案】C

20.By the end of this term,we \_\_\_\_\_ the textbook.

A .finish            B.have finished            C.will finish            D. will have finish

【答案】D

21.This hall can\_\_\_\_\_1000 people. You can\_\_\_\_\_where you like.

A. hold...scat            B. be seated...seated  
C. seat...be seated            D. hold....seating

【答案】C

22.I like English and I spent every minute I can\_\_\_\_\_English.

A. to study      B. studying      C. studied      D. study

【答案】B

23. \_\_\_\_\_ of his name, we had a lot of trouble in finding the patient.

A. Not informed      B. Not having informed  
C. Not having been informed      D. Having not informed

【答案】C

24. No matter how hard I searched my bag, my new pen was \_\_\_\_\_.

A. nowhere to find it      B. nowhere to be found  
C. to be found nowhere      D. to be found any where

【答案】B

25. Rather than \_\_\_\_\_ the bus, he ran all the way home.

A. take      B. to take      C. taken      D. took

【答案】A

26. \_\_\_\_\_ with the book I bought yesterday, the one \_\_\_\_\_ from the library doesn't seem interesting.

A. When compared...borrowed      B. While comparing...borrowed  
C. Compare...borrowing      D. Comparing...borrowing

【答案】A

27. If you can't see the word written on the blackboard very well, maybe you need \_\_\_\_\_.

A. examining      B. to have your eyes examined  
C. to have examined your eyes      D. to be examined your eyes

【答案】B

28. She must be looking forward as much to \_\_\_\_\_ from him as he himself is to \_\_\_\_\_ from her.

A. hear...hearing      B. hearing...hear  
C. have heard...hearing      D. hearing...hearing

【答案】D

29. I sent invitations to 20 people, \_\_\_\_\_ came.

A. of whom only 10 of these      B. only 10 of these who  
C. of whom only 10      D. only 10 who

【答案】C

30. \_\_\_\_\_ of the land in that district \_\_\_\_\_ covered with trees and grass.

A. Two fifth...is      B. Two fifths...are  
C. Two fifth...are      D. Two fifths...is

【答案】D

31. Free tickets will be given to \_\_\_\_\_ phones us first.

A. that      B. whoever      C. whomever      D. who

【答案】B

32. \_\_\_\_\_ his words, there were no grounds to justify his complaints.

A. Such being      B. Such were      C. Were such      D. Being such

【答案】A

33. It was ten o'clock \_\_\_\_\_ he came back.

A. that      B. When      C. so      D. which

【答案】B

34. \_\_\_\_\_ difficulties we may come across, we will help one another to get them over.

A. Whatever      B. Whichever      C. However      D. What



- |                    |               |                     |                 |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------------|-----------------|
| 44. A. all over    | B. over all   | C. whole over       | D. over whole   |
| 45. A. Educating   | B. Education' | C. Educationally    | D. Educational  |
| 46. A. divides     | B. breaks     | C. arranges         | D. classifies   |
| 47. A. pass        | B. cover      | C. cross            | D. lie          |
| 48. A. perhaps     | B. possibly   | C. likely           | D. similarly    |
| 49. A. it          | B. that       | C. where            | D. which        |
| 50. A. is locating | B. locates    | C. is located       | D. located      |
| 51. A. on          | B. of         | C. over             | D. above        |
| 52. A. on top of   | B. on top     | C. at top of        | D. top of       |
| 53. A. as such     | B. such as    | C. such like        | D. like such    |
| 54. A. and as well | B. well as    | C. as well          | D. as well as   |
| 55. A. must be     | B. has to be  | C. can be           | D. need be      |
| 56. A. behind      | B. about      | C. after            | D. concerning   |
| 57. A. called      | B. calling    | C. to be called     | D. being called |
| 58. A. have built  | B. built      | C. had built        | D. build        |
| 59. A. among       | B. between    | C. in the middle of | D. over         |
| 60. A. in which    | B. which      | C. where            | D. that         |
- 【答案】 41—45    B C D A D    46—50    A C A D C  
 51—55    B A B D A    56—60    C A B C C

**Part III Reading Comprehension ( 2 x 20 )**

**Directions:** There are 4 passages in this part. Each passage is followed by some questions or incomplete statements. For each of them there are 4 choices marked A, B, C and D. You should decide on the best choice, and mark the corresponding letter on the *Answer Sheet*.

**Passage 1**

Researchers have found that REM(rapid eye movement) sleep is important to human beings. This type of sleep generally occurs four or five times during one night of sleep, lasting five minutes to forty minutes for each occurrence. The deeper a person's sleep becomes, the longer the periods of rapid eye movement.

There are physical changes in the body to show that a person has changed from NREM(non-rapid eye movement) to REM sleep. Breathing becomes faster, the heart rate increases, and, as the name implies, the eyes begin to move quickly.

Accompanying these physical changes in the body is a very important characteristic of REM sleep. It is during REM sleep that a person dreams.

61. According to the passage, how often does REM sleep occur in one night?  
 A. Once                      B. Twice                      C. Four or five times                      D. Forty times

【答案】 C

62. The word "deeper" in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to which of the following?  
 A. heavier                      B. louder                      C. stronger                      D. happier

【答案】 A

63. Which of the following shows that a person is NOT dreaming in his sleep?  
 A. His eyes begin to move.                      B. His breathing becomes faster.  
 C. His heart rate increases.                      D. His eyes stop moving.

【答案】 D

64. The subject of this passage is.

- A. why people sleep  
 C. the characteristics of REM sleep
- B. the human need for REM sleep  
 D. physical changes in the human body

【答案】C

65. Which of the following is the best title of the article?

- A. REM Sleep  
 C. Sleepers
- B. Two Types of Sleep  
 D. What Happens to Sleepers

【答案】D

### Passage 2

Foxes and farmers have never got on well. These small dog-like animals have long been accused of killing farm animals. They are officially classified as harmful and farmers try to keep their numbers down by shooting or poisoning them.

Farmers can also call on the services of their local hunt to control the fox population. Hunting consists of pursuing a fox across the countryside, with a group of specially trained dogs, followed by men and women riding horses. When the dogs eventually catch the fox they kill it or a hunter shoots it.

People who take part in hunting think of it as a sport; they wear a special uniform of red coats and white trousers, and follow strict codes of behavior. But owning a horse and hunting regularly is expensive, so most hunters are wealthy.

It is estimated that up to 100,000 people watch or take part in fox hunting. But over the last couple of decades the number of people opposed to fox hunting, because they think it is brutal (残酷的), has risen sharply. Nowadays it is rare for a hunt to pass off without some kind of confrontation (冲突) between hunters and hunt saboteurs (阻拦者). Sometimes these incidents lead to violence, but mostly saboteurs interfere with the hunt by misleading riders and disturbing the trail of the fox's smell, which the dogs follow.

Noisy confrontations between hunters and saboteurs have become so common that they are almost as much a part of hunting as the pursuit of foxes itself. But this year supporters of fox hunting face a much bigger threat to their sport. A Labour Party Member of the Parliament, Mike Foster, is trying to get Parliament to approve a new law which will make the hunting of wild animals with dogs illegal. If the law is passed, wild animals like foxes will be protected under the ban in Britain.

66. Rich people in Britain have been hunting foxes\_\_\_\_\_.
- A. for recreation  
 C. to limit the fox population
- B. in the interests of the farmers  
 D. to show off their wealth

【答案】A

67. What is special about fox hunting in Britain?

- A. It involves the use of a deadly poison.  
 B. It is a costly event which rarely occurs.  
 C. The hunters have set rules to follow.  
 D. The hunters have to go through strict training.

【答案】C

68. Fox hunting opponents often interfere in the game\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. by resorting to violence  
 C. by taking legal action
- B. by confusing the fox hunters  
 D. by demonstrating on the scene

【答案】B

69. A new law may be passed by the British Parliament to\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. prohibit farmers from hunting foxes

- B. forbid hunting foxes with dogs
- C. stop hunting wild animals in the countryside
- D. prevent large-scale fox hunting

【答案】B

70. It can be inferred from the passage that \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. killing foxes with poison is illegal
- B. limiting the fox population is unnecessary
- C. hunting foxes with dogs is considered cruel and violent
- D. fox-hunting often leads to confrontation between the poor and the rich

【答案】C

### Passage 3

If you listen to American music, watch American television or magazines, you will probably agree that the most popular subject of these forms of entertainment is love. Romantic love always finds an audience in the United States. Falling in love, solving the problems of love, and achieving the happy ending --- the big wedding are subjects of interest to the adult as well as the teenage public. Millions of Americans celebrate Valentine's Day with special cards and gifts that announce their love to their mates, their friends, their coworkers, and their families. Popular songs tell us that "all the world loves a lover". A popular saying is "Love conquers all". Numerous columns in magazines and newspapers offer advice to the lovelorn, those with difficulties of the heart. To most Americans, romantic love is central to a happy life.

Not only do Americans believe in romantic love but they also believe that it is the best basis for marriage. Despite the high divorce rate in the United States, young men and women continue to marry on the basis of romantic love. Americans consider marriage a private arrangement between the two people involved. Young Americans feel free to choose their own marriage partners from any social, economic, or religious background. The man or woman may have strong ties with parents, brothers, or sisters, but when he or she falls in love, the strongest feelings are supposed to be for the loved one. When an American couple marries, they generally plan to live apart from both sets of parents and build their own independent family structure.

71. What is the most popular subject of all forms of entertainment?

- A. Marriage.
- B. Love.
- C. Family.
- D. Friendship.

【答案】B

72. Who is interested in the subject of love?

- A. Adults who are single.
- B. Teenagers whose parents are divorced.
- C. Old people who have no children.
- D. Both adults and teenagers.

【答案】D

73. What do most Americans think of romantic love?

- A. It is central to a happy life.
- B. It is not the basis for marriage.
- C. It is not necessarily important in people's life.
- D. Many people long for it, but it is unbelievable.

【答案】A

74. What factors do young Americans consider when choosing their own marriage partners?

- A. They will think about their social background.
- B. They think economic background is essential.

- C.They won't choose a marriage partner from different religious background.  
D.they don't think social economic or religious background is important.

【答案】D

75. What does an American couple plan to do when they marry?  
A.They continue to live with their parents after their marriage  
B.They plan to live by themselves.  
C.They plan to earn more money to buy a house.  
D.They plan to travel all over the world.

【答案】B

#### Passage 4

In 1939 two brothers, Mac and Dick McDonald, started a drive-in restaurant in San Bernadino, California. They carefully chose a busy corner for their location. They had run their own businesses for years, first a theater, then a barbecue (烤肉) restaurant, then another drive-in. But in their new operation, they offered a new, shortened menu: French fries, hamburgers, and sodas. To this small selection they added one new concept: quick service, no waiters or waitresses, and no tips.

Their hamburgers sold for fifteen cents. Cheese was another four cents. Their French fries and hamburgers had a remarkable uniformity, for the brothers had developed a strict routine for the preparation of their food, and they insisted on their cooks' sticking to their routine. Their new drive-in became incredibly popular, particularly for lunch. People drove up by the hundreds during the busy noontime. The self-service restaurant was so popular that the brothers had allowed ten copies of their restaurant to be opened. They were content with this modest success until they met Ray Kroc.

Kroc was a salesman who met the McDonald brothers in 1954, when he was selling milkshake-mixing machines. He quickly saw the unique appeal of the brothers' fast-food restaurants and bought the right to franchise (特许经营) other copies of their restaurants. The agreement struck included the right to duplicate the menu. The equipment, even their red and white buildings with the golden arches (拱门).

Today McDonald's is really a household name. Its names for its sandwiches have come to mean hamburger in the decades since the day Ray Kroc watched people rush up to order fifteen-cent hamburgers. In 1976, McDonald's had over \$ 1 billion in total sales. Its first twenty-two years is one of the most incredible success stories in modern American business history.

76. This passage mainly talks about\_\_\_\_\_.
- A.the development of fast food services  
B.how McDonald's became a billion-dollar business  
C. the business careers of Mac and Dick McDonald  
D. Ray Kroc's business talent

【答案】C

77. Mac and Dick managed all of the following businesses except\_\_\_\_\_.
- A.a drive-in  
B.a cinema  
C.a theater  
D. a barbecue restaurant

【答案】B

78. We may infer from this passage that\_\_\_\_\_.
- A.Mac and Dick McDonald never became wealthy for they sold their idea to Kroc  
B.The location the McDonalds chose was the only source of the great popularity of their drive-in  
C. Forty years ago there were numerous fast-food restaurants

D. Ray Kroc was a good businessman

【答案】D

79. The passage suggests that \_\_\_\_\_.

A. creativity is an important element of business success

B. Ray Kroc was the close partner of the McDonald brothers

C. Mac and Dick McDonald became broken after they sold their ideas to Ray Kroc

D. California is the best place to go into business

【答案】A

80. As used in the second sentence of the third paragraph, the word "unique" means .

A. special

C. financial

B. attractive

D. peculiar

【答案】D

### Part IV Translation ( 2 x 10 )

**Directions:** There are 10 sentences in this section. Please translate sentences 81-85 from Chinese into English, and translate sentences 86-90 from English into Chinese. Write your answer on the **Answer Sheet**.

81. 我记得曾在哪里见过她。

【答案】I remember I have ever seen her somewhere.

82. 杰克想买一辆和玛丽的一样的轿车。

【答案】Jack wants to buy a car that is the same as Mary's.

83. 尽管困难重重，他们还是想办法提前完成了任务。

【答案】In spite of all the difficulties, they managed to finish the task ahead of time.

84. 昨天我急急忙忙赶到火车站，发现火车已经开走了。

【答案】I found the train had already gone when I arrived at the railway station in a hurry.

85. 那位老人宁愿独居乡下，也不愿和儿子一起住在城里。

【答案】That old man would rather live in the countryside alone rather than live in the city with his son.

86. The house was more luxuriously decorated than what was expected of it.

【答案】这个房子装修得比我们想象之中的还要奢华。

87. They didn't realize the consequence of their action, or they wouldn't have done such a thing.

【答案】他们没有意识到他们行为的后果，否则他们不会做出这样的事情。

88. "After you, please!" the gentlemen said politely to the lady when they came to the entrance.

【答案】当他们在进口处时，这个绅士对女士说，“您先请！”

89. Don't forget to remind me of returning the books to the library.

【答案】不要忘记提醒我把书还给图书馆。

90. I won't be free tomorrow morning because I'll be seeing a friend off.

【答案】我明天早上没空，因为我明天还要为一个朋友送行。

#### 评分标准:

1. 翻译只强调忠实原文，语意表达通顺，不强调语言文雅程度。
2. 整个句子全部译出，忠实原文语义，符合目的语表达习惯，无语法错误，词语正确，给 2 分。
3. 句子主体部分已译出（主、谓、宾），基本符合原文意思，表达基本正确，给 1.5 分。有语法错误者（时态、语态、主谓一致等）每处扣 0.5 分。



Sheet.

### Movement of Population

- 1.城乡人口互流现象
- 2.城乡人口互流的利与弊
- 3.自己的观点

#### 专升本写作评分标准[节选自河南专升本公共英语复习笔记 2011 版]

专升本英语考试写作采用总体评分 (Global Scoring) 方法, 即把内容和语言作为一个统一体进行综合评判。主要是看内容是否切题, 表达是否充分, 所用语言是否能清楚而明确地表达思想。评卷人员根据思想内容和语言表达的总体印象给出奖励分 (Reward Scores), 并按语言点错误的多少扣分。阅卷标准共分为五等:

- 0 分——白卷, 作文题目毫不相关, 或只有几个孤立的词而无法表达思想。
- 3 分——条理不清, 思路紊乱, 语言支离破碎或大部分句子均有错误, 且多数为严重错误。
- 7 分——基本切题, 表达思想不够清楚, 连贯性差, 有较多的严重错误。
- 11 分——基本切题, 表达思想清楚, 文字连贯, 但语言错误较多。
- 15 分——切题, 表达思想清楚, 文字连贯, 但有少量语言错误。
- 19 分——切题, 表达思想清楚, 文字通顺, 连贯较好, 基本无语言错误。

阅卷人员根据阅卷标准, 对照样卷评分, 若认为与某一分数档次相似, 即定为该分数; 若认为稍优于或劣于该档次, 则可加一分或减一分, 但不得加减半分。字数不足应酌情扣分。